

$$m_m := 0.015 \text{ N}\cdot\text{m} \quad \text{Podatak o opterećenju}$$

$$\phi := 2 \cdot \pi$$

Podaci o prvom motoru

$$U_{an1} := 12 \text{ V} \quad I_{an1} := 0.56 \text{ A} \quad n_{n1} := 10500 \frac{\text{°}}{\text{min}}$$

$$\text{Mathcad može da konvertuje jedinice} \quad \omega_{n1} := n_{n1} = 1.1 \times 10^3 \cdot \frac{\text{rad}}{\text{s}}$$

$$R_{a1} := 3.6 \Omega \quad \psi_{f1} := 0.0089 \frac{\text{N}\cdot\text{m}}{\text{A}} \quad T_{a1} := 0.11 \text{ ms} \quad J_1 := 0.22 \cdot 10^{-6} \cdot \text{kg}\cdot\text{m}^2$$

Podaci o drugom motoru

$$U_{an2} := 24 \text{ V} \quad I_{an2} := 0.56 \text{ A} \quad n_{n2} := 9200 \frac{\text{°}}{\text{min}} \quad \omega_{n2} := n_{n2} = 963.422 \cdot \frac{\text{rad}}{\text{s}}$$

$$R_{a2} := 6.3 \Omega \quad \psi_{f2} := 0.023 \frac{\text{N}\cdot\text{m}}{\text{A}} \quad T_{a2} := 0.2 \text{ ms} \quad J_2 := 0.58 \cdot 10^{-6} \cdot \text{kg}\cdot\text{m}^2$$

A) Kako motori dele opterećenje ako su priključeni na nominalne napone:

$$\omega_{1A} = \omega_{2A} = \omega_A$$

Zbog krute mehaničke veze brzine motora su iste.

$$\omega_A := 0 \frac{\text{rad}}{\text{s}}$$

$$i_{1A} := 0 \text{ A} \quad i_{2A} := 0 \text{ A}$$

Početne vrednosti za numeričko rešavanje sistema jednačina

Given

$$U_{an1} = \psi_{f1} \cdot \omega_A + R_{a1} \cdot i_{1A}$$

$$U_{an2} = \psi_{f2} \cdot \omega_A + R_{a2} \cdot i_{2A}$$

$$m_m = \psi_{f1} \cdot i_{1A} + \psi_{f2} \cdot i_{2A}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} i_{1A} \\ i_{2A} \\ \omega_A \end{pmatrix} := \text{Find}(i_{1A}, i_{2A}, \omega_A)$$

Bez normalizacije je lakše

$$i_{1A} = 0.947 \text{ A}$$

$$i_{2A} = 0.286 \text{ A}$$

$$\omega_A = 965.223 \cdot \frac{\text{rad}}{\text{s}}$$

$$\frac{i_{1A}}{I_{an1}} = 169.123 \cdot \%$$

$$\frac{i_{2A}}{I_{an2}} = 51.017 \cdot \%$$

C1) Promenom napona napajanja

$$n_C := 5000 \cdot \frac{\text{0}}{\text{min}} \quad \omega_C := n_C = 523.599 \cdot \frac{\text{rad}}{\text{s}}$$

$$u_{1C} := 0\text{V} \quad u_{2C} := 0\text{V} \quad i_{1C} := 0\text{A} \quad i_{2C} := 1\text{A} \quad \text{Početne vrednosti za numeričko rešavanje sistema jednačina}$$

Given

$$u_{1C} = \psi_{f1} \cdot \omega_C + R_{a1} \cdot i_{1C}$$

$$u_{2C} = \psi_{f2} \cdot \omega_C + R_{a2} \cdot i_{2C}$$

$$m_m = \psi_{f1} \cdot i_{1C} + \psi_{f2} \cdot i_{2C}$$

$$i_{1C} = \frac{I_{an1}}{I_{an2}} i_{2C}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} u_{1C} \\ u_{2C} \\ i_{1C} \\ i_{2C} \end{pmatrix} := \text{Find}(u_{1C}, u_{2C}, i_{1C}, i_{2C})$$

$$u_{1C} = 6.353 \text{ V} \quad u_{2C} = 15.005 \text{ V} \quad i_{1C} = 0.47 \text{ A} \quad i_{2C} = 0.47 \text{ A}$$

$$\frac{i_{1C}}{I_{an1}} = 83.968\% \quad \frac{i_{2C}}{I_{an2}} = 83.968\%$$

C2) Ukoliko se odlučimo za dodavanje otpora na red, naponi ostaju nominalni

$$R_{d1} := 0\Omega \quad R_{d2} := 0V \quad \underset{\text{resistor}}{i_{1C}} := 0A \quad \underset{\text{resistor}}{i_{2C}} := 1A \quad \text{Početne vrednosti za numeričko rešavanje sistema jednačina}$$

Given

$$U_{an1} = \psi_{f1} \cdot \omega_C + (R_{a1} + R_{d1}) \cdot i_{1C}$$

$$U_{an2} = \psi_{f2} \cdot \omega_C + (R_{a2} + R_{d2}) \cdot i_{2C}$$

$$m_m = \psi_{f1} \cdot i_{1C} + \psi_{f2} \cdot i_{2C}$$

$$i_{1C} = \frac{I_{an1}}{I_{an2}} i_{2C}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} R_{1C} \\ R_{2C} \\ \underset{\text{resistor}}{i_{1C}} \\ \underset{\text{resistor}}{i_{2C}} \end{pmatrix} := \text{Find}(R_{d1}, R_{d2}, i_{1C}, i_{2C})$$

$$R_{1C} = 12.01 \Omega \quad R_{2C} = 19.129 \Omega \quad i_{1C} = 0.47 A \quad i_{2C} = 0.47 A$$

$$\frac{i_{1C}}{I_{an1}} = 83.968\%$$

$$\frac{i_{2C}}{I_{an2}} = 83.968\%$$

#### D) Matematički model pogona

U formi diferencijalnih jednačina

$$(R_{a1} \cdot T_{a1}) \cdot \left( \frac{d}{dt} i_{a1} \right) = u_{a1} - \psi_{f1} \cdot \omega - R_{a1} \cdot i_{a1}$$

$$(R_{a2} \cdot T_{a2}) \cdot \left( \frac{d}{dt} i_{a2} \right) = u_{a2} - \psi_{f2} \cdot \omega - R_{a2} \cdot i_{a2}$$

$$(J_1 + J_2) \cdot \left( \frac{d}{dt} \omega \right) = \psi_{f1} \cdot i_{a1} + \psi_{f2} \cdot i_{a2} - m_m$$

U formi prostora stanja

$$\frac{d}{dt} \begin{pmatrix} i_{a1} \\ i_{a2} \\ \omega \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{1}{T_{a1}} & 0 & -\frac{\psi_{f1}}{T_{a1} \cdot R_{a1}} \\ 0 & -\frac{1}{T_{a2}} & -\frac{\psi_{f2}}{T_{a2} \cdot R_{a2}} \\ \frac{\psi_{f1}}{J_1 + J_2} & \frac{\psi_{f2}}{J_1 + J_2} & 0 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} i_{a1} \\ i_{a2} \\ \omega \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{R_{a1} \cdot T_{a1}} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{R_{a2} \cdot T_{a2}} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -\frac{1}{J_1 + J_2} \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} u_{a1} \\ u_{a2} \\ m_m \end{pmatrix}$$

Matrica sistema

Matrica ulaza

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{1}{T_{a1}} & 0 & -\frac{\psi_{f1}}{T_{a1} \cdot R_{a1}} \\ 0 & -\frac{1}{T_{a2}} & -\frac{\psi_{f2}}{T_{a2} \cdot R_{a2}} \\ \frac{\psi_{f1}}{J_1 + J_2} & \frac{\psi_{f2}}{J_1 + J_2} & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad B = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{R_{a1} \cdot T_{a1}} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{R_{a2} \cdot T_{a2}} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -\frac{1}{J_1 + J_2} \end{pmatrix}$$